

**BIIAB Level 3 Advanced Certification in Licensed Hospitality and BIIAB Level 3  
Diploma in Licensed Hospitality**

**Amendments required to the Unit 1 Handbook Version 10 for inclusion in  
Version 11**

**(These changes will not affect the assessment)**

Page	Section	Details of change (changed text is in <i>italics</i> )
10	2	<p><b>Amended Text:</b></p> <p>Example:</p> <p>Salt is bought in a 1 Kilo Box (1000 grams) costing £5.00. Salt (2 grams) are used in each breakfast dish.</p> <p><b>Therefore:</b></p> <p><math>£5.00 \div 1000 = 0.005p</math> (cost per gram)</p> <p><math>0.005p \times 2g</math> (amount used in breakfast) <b>equals</b> 0.01p (the cost of salt used in a breakfast).</p>
12	2	<p><b>Text Added:</b></p> <p><b><i>Rounding Up and Rounding Down</i></b></p> <p><i>Rounding can be used to make numbers or percentages easier to understand and read. For example £4.50 is more meaningful than £4.4998.</i></p> <p><i>In order to round a number you need to follow these three steps:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. How many decimal places to keep. With £ and pence this is two.</i></li> <li><i>2. Increase it by 1 if the next digit is 5 or more (this is called rounding up). For example, 40.15 would become 40.2 to one place of decimals because the next digit [5] is 5 or above.</i></li> <li><i>3. Leave it the same if the next digit is 4 or less (this is called rounding down) For example, 40.13 would become 40.12 to one place of decimals because the next digit [3] is less than 5.</i></li> </ol>